In the claims: (clean copy as amended)

- 1. (Twice Amended) Chronic implant apparatus for decreasing pressure in a first portion of a cardiac structure of a patient comprising a shunt implanted in a puncture in a septum in the cardiac structure communicating with an area outside said first portion, whereby a volume of blood sufficient to reduce pressure in said first portion flows across said septum.
- 2. (Twice Amended) The apparatus of claim 1, wherein the first portion comprises the left ventricle and said pressure is the end diastolic pressure in a patient heart, wherein said shunt is implanted in a septum defining the left ventricle and wherein the shunt communicates with the left ventricle, whereby a volume of blood is flows across the septum from the left ventricle to reduce the end diastolic pressure.
- 5. (Twice Amended) Apparatus for decreasing pressure in a left ventricle of a patient comprising a shunt implanted in a septum communicating with an area outside the left ventricle, whereby a volume of blood sufficient to reduce end diastolic pressure in a patient flows through the shunt, wherein the shunt comprises a semi-passive check-valve comprising a valve selectively the left ventricle, whereby a volume of blood is released from the left ventricle sufficient to reduce the end diastolic pressure.
- 10. (Amended) The apparatus of claim 9, wherein said tubular element is comprised of a biologically inert non-metallic material.
- 11. (Twice Amended) A method of decreasing pressure in a first portion of a vessel of the cardiac structure of a patient comprising the step of:
 - (a) puncturing a vessel wall between the first portion and another portion; and
 - (b) implanting a shunt communicating with an area outside said first portion, wherein the first portion comprises the left ventricle and said pressure is the end diastolic pressure in a patient heart, and

wherein said shunt is implanted in a septum defining the left ventricle and communicates with the left ventricle, whereby a volume of blood is released from the left ventricle sufficient to

reduce the end diastolic pressure.

Please cancel claim 12